

大同大學 98 學年度研究所碩士班入學考試試題

考試科目：計算機概論

所別：資訊經營研究所

第 1/1 頁

註：本次考試 不可以參考自己的書籍及筆記； 不可以使用字典； 不可以使用計算器。

1. (a) What is the Netiquette? (b) Why the computer literacy is so important? (10%)
2. (a) What is the purpose to transfer an analog system to a digital system? (b) What are the benefits of today's computer as a digital processing system? (10%)
3. (a) Show the computer's major functional blocks using the CPU, Memory, Data Bus and I/O as the major components. (b) What is the purpose of the functional division of above components? (10%)
4. (a) What is the Internet? (b) List and explain the functions of five major services of the Internet. (10%)
5. (a) List the memory and storage medium using in the computer system as many as possible. (b) Draw a diagram to show the memory hierarchy among all the memory and storage medium you listed above. (10%)
6. Given the alphabet and frequency table below (10%)

Alphabet	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
Frequency	50	26	38	36	40	15	20	18

- (a) Construct the Huffman coding tree.
 - (b) How many bits does an alphabet require in average?
 - (c) Decode the binary string "110011001100111".
7. Consider the following recurrence equation. Please show that $T(n) = ?$ (5%)

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} k & n = 1 \\ 3T(n/2) + kn & n > 1 \end{cases}$$

8. For the following algorithm, give an analysis of the running time (in Big-Oh notation). (5%)

Algorithm sum(n)

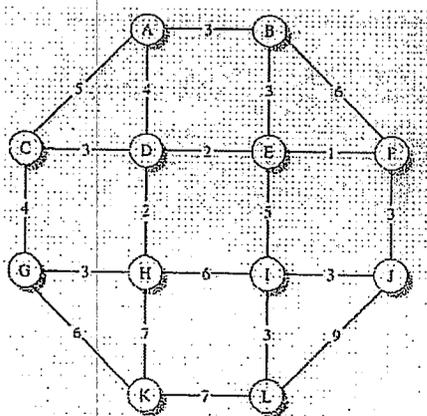
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{
  s := 0;
  for i:= 1 to n2 do
    for j:= 1 to i do
      s := s + i;
}
    
```

9. Given a four dimensional integer array A(3, 4, 5, 6), and its data is stored sequentially starting from memory address A0F0:0100. Assume an integer occupies 4 bytes. (10%)

- (a) Find the address of element A(1, 2, 3, 4) for the row-major order and for the column-major order.
- (b) Why most of the computer languages use row-major order?

10. Given an undirected graph as following figure. (20%)



- (a) Apply *Dijkstra's* algorithm to find the shortest path starting at vertex A to other vertices. (5%)
- (b) Find all pairs shortest paths. (10%)
- (c) Construct the minimum spanning tree. (5%)